



# ○ Being present in the moment

- Mindfulness Breathing
- Commitment
  - ...
- Breathing with commitment
- Group Commitment
  - ...
- Breathing with group commitment



# ○ Questions to be answered

- Write down 1-3 questions that you have that you'd like answered by the end of our session



# ○ Andrew Martinez – ECE Community Support



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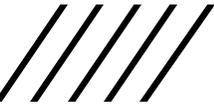
Vice President of Professional Development at NMAEYC



New Mexico Association for the Education of Young Children

An affiliate of **naeyc**





# ○ Agenda

- Ice Breaker
- Why create a culture?
- Essentials of Classroom Culture
- Questions



# ○ Ice Breaker

- Step 1: Small Group Share
  - Turn to the person next to you and tell them about your favorite classroom experience. What made it so memorable? What about your least favorite classroom experience?
- Step 2: Whole Group Share
  - 1 Example of a favorite experience
  - 1 Example of a least favorite experience



# ○ Leadership

- Lead with whys
  - Communication
  - Collaboration
  - Consistency
- Communicate your why
- What's your vision of a well-structured classroom and the roles everyone plays?



# ○ Why create a culture?

## Culture

- the customary beliefs, social forms, and material traits of a racial, religious, or social group the characteristic features of everyday existence (such as diversions or a way of life) shared by people in a place or time
- Creating a culture ..
  - creates common goals and norms of children and classroom management
  - build relationships with all individuals in the classroom
  - provides children a sense of belonging and social involvement opportunities



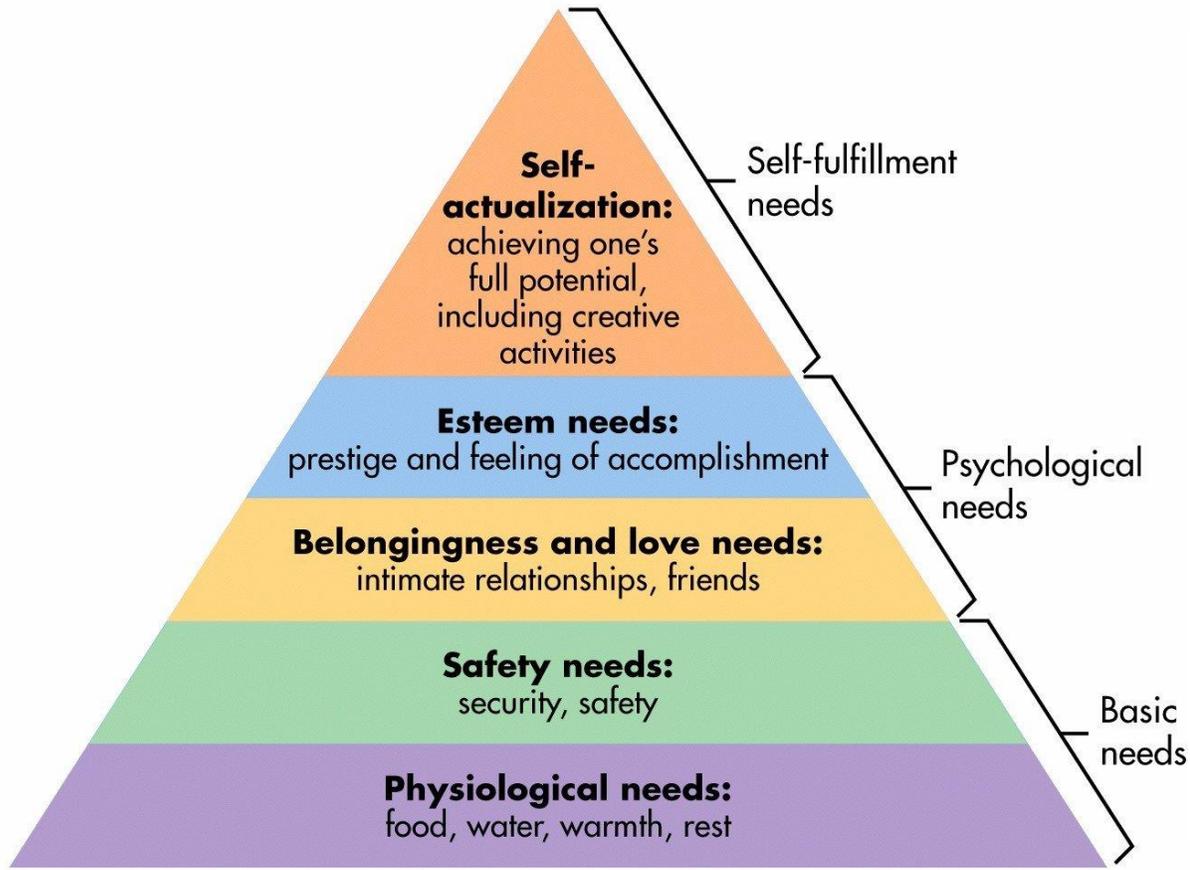
# ○ Motivation & Belongingness

- 3 studies about “motivational impacts of social belonging on STEM undergrad students”.
  - Classroom sense of belongingness was the highest indicator of success regardless of school, school location, school size and culture
- Interviews conducted of families with children in ECE programs in South Africa.
  - Common themes realized:
    - Diversity
    - Proud, Happy Children
    - Playing: Learning in loving spaces
    - Teachers take a more sensitive approach

*“Parents perceived that their children had a strong sense of community, which enabled meaningful and happy lives in the multicultural ECE centers.” (Van As, et. al, 2023*

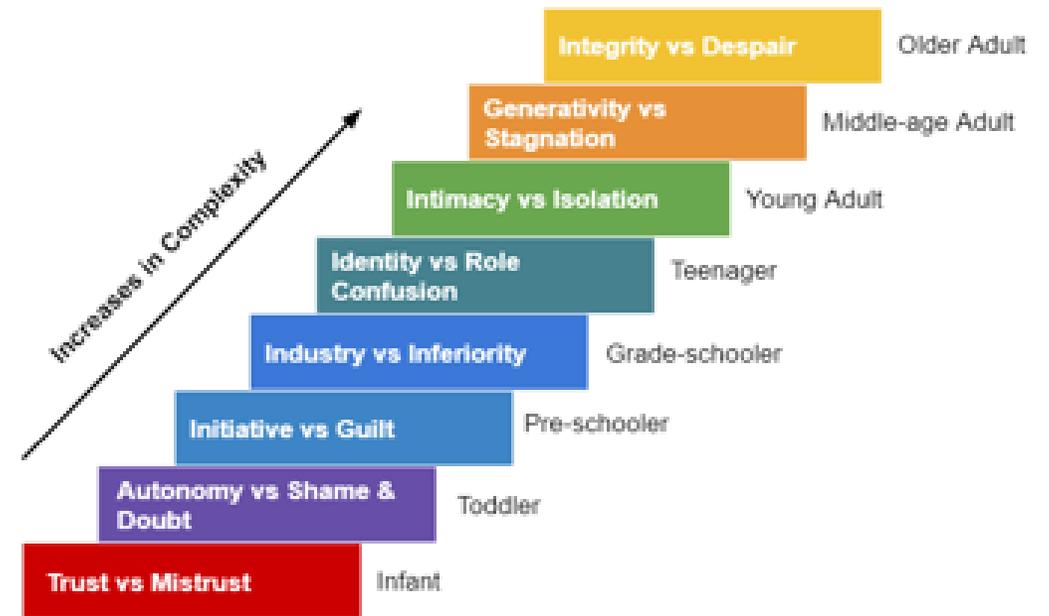


# ○ Theories of Development



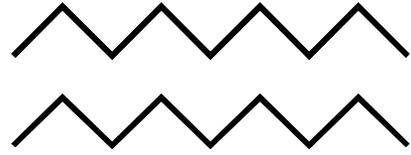
Maslow's Hierarchy of Needs

## Stages of Psychosocial Development



Erickson's Theory of Psychosocial Development





# Essentials

- Relationships
- Goals
- Displays
- Traditions

# ○ Relationship Building



- Building Relationships: Priority 1
  - Staff build relationships with peers
  - Staff support children building relationships with each other
  - Staff build relationships with each other
- Strategies
  - Conversations & Comments
  - Play
  - Games
  - Group work



# ○ Conversations & Comments



- Narration
- Observable Comments
- Serve & Return
- *See, Think, Wonder*

#ThursdayTip

**5 Steps for Brain-Building  
SERVE  
AND  
RETURN**

- 1** Share the focus
- 2** Support and encourage
- 3** Name it!
- 4** Take turns, back & forth
- 5** Practice endings and beginnings

Center on the Developing Child HARVARD UNIVERSITY

## See Think Wonder

What do you see?

What do you think is going on?

What does it make you wonder?

**purpose** This routine encourages students to make careful observations and thoughtful interpretations. It helps stimulate curiosity and sets the stage for inquiry.

**Introducing & Exploring Ideas**



# ○ Play

- Parallel Play → Invitation
- Modeling
- Serve & Return
- Games
  - Find the toy
  - Mr. Clown
  - Team Try-Outs
  - Doggy, Doggy





# Games



- Find the toy: The classic game of Hide and Seek, but hiding a toy for children to find, instead of each other. Children can alternate turns hiding the toy.
- Mr. Clown: Gather the children in a circle and sing the song *Mr. Clown*: “Mr. Clown, Mr. Clown, who’s the funniest clown in town? Quick, Quick, \_\_\_\_\_, do a trick!” The child performs a trick in the middle of the circle.
- Team Tryouts: Gather the children in a circle and sing the song *Team Tryouts*: “We all tried out for the \_\_\_\_\_ team, the coach called \_\_\_\_\_ to do his/her thing! Go, Go \_\_\_\_\_, Go, Go, Go \_\_\_\_\_” Choose a child to name a team they’d like to join and encourage them to “do their thing”.
- Doggy, Doggy: Gather the children in a circle and choose an object to be a “bone”. Choose one child to hide and be the “dog”. Sing the song *Doggy, Doggy* with the other children, while one child hides the bone: “Doggy, Doggy, where’s your bone? Somebody took it from your home. Guess who, it might be you. It might a monkey from a zoo!” Then encourage the dog to come out to find the bone and rotate children between hider and dog.





# Movement Chain

- How does the movement chain support community?



# ○ Group Work



- Strategically group children
  - Divide children into groups that they wouldn't usually choose to be with
  - Place more advanced children with those that need more support
  - Create cohorts for children



# ○ Goals (Social-Emotional)

- What goals do you have for the class?
- What do you hope for children to learn?
  
- Goals should include ..
  - Classroom expectations
  - Self- and peer-regulation
  - Staff



# ○ Classroom Expectations



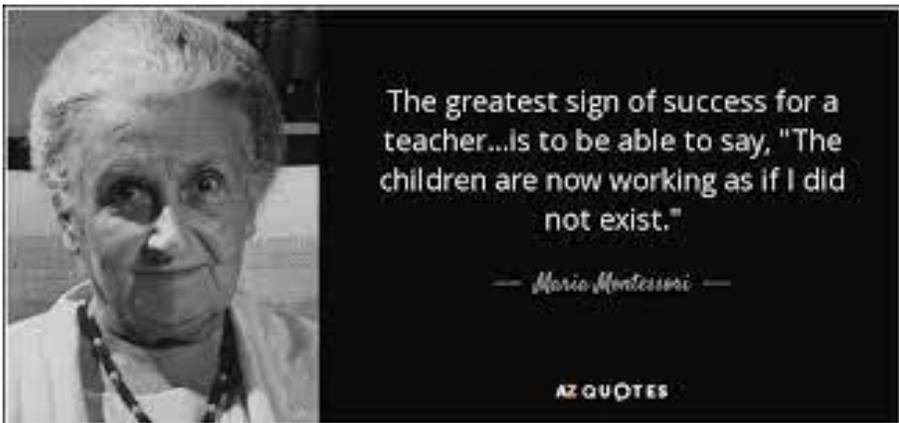
- Expectations for children should be short and clear
  - Ground rules should cover safety and respect for people and environment
- Expectations for staff should be clear
  - Model and monitor children's expectations (Be Involved)
  - Use language to advantage with children
  - Communicate happenings to appropriate parties



# ○ Self- and Peer-Regulation



- Expectations for children should be short and clear
  - Ground rules should cover safety and respect for people and environment
- Provide children with strategies to problem solve
- Encourage children to support one another
  - Whether asking for help, or providing redirection



# ○ Staff



- Remember that staff are a piece of the culture as well
- Staff should have goals for themselves, which can include..
  - Relationships with specific children
  - Relationships with specific families
  - Relationships with other staff members
  - Professional development
  - Resource collecting
  - Activity development



# ○ Displays

- Children's Portraits
- Experience & Documentation Boards
- Children's Workings
- Calendars & Schedules



# ○ Children Portraits



- Portraits



- Photo Collection



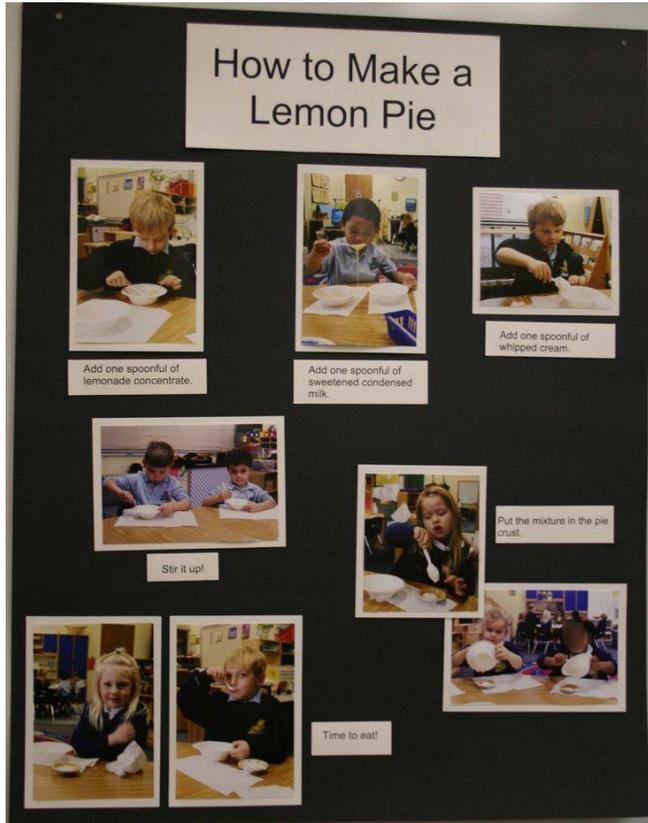
- Family Photos



# ○ Documentation Boards



# ○ Experience Boards



# ○ Children's Workings

- Gifted Art
- Accomplishment Art
- Group Projects
- Photos of children in play centers



# ○ Schedule & Calendar



**Visual** *schedule*



# ○ Traditions



Traditions bring people together and remind them of why they are together.

- Routines

- Consistent Daily Routines & Schedules
- Group “Mantras”
  - Morning Songs
  - Rituals

- “Today for lunch..”:

*Today for Lunch.. (class repeats)*

*We are having.. (class repeats)*

*x... (class repeats)*

*y... (class repeats)*

*z.. (class repeats)*

*And we are drinking.. (class repeats)*

*Milk.. (class repeats)*

*Have a \_\_\_\_\_ lunch.. (class repeats)*



# ○ Traditions

- Jobs
  - Provide children with opportunities to be involved in class management
- Events
  - Birthday Celebrations
  - Cultural Celebrations
  - Family Engagement Events
  - Field Trips



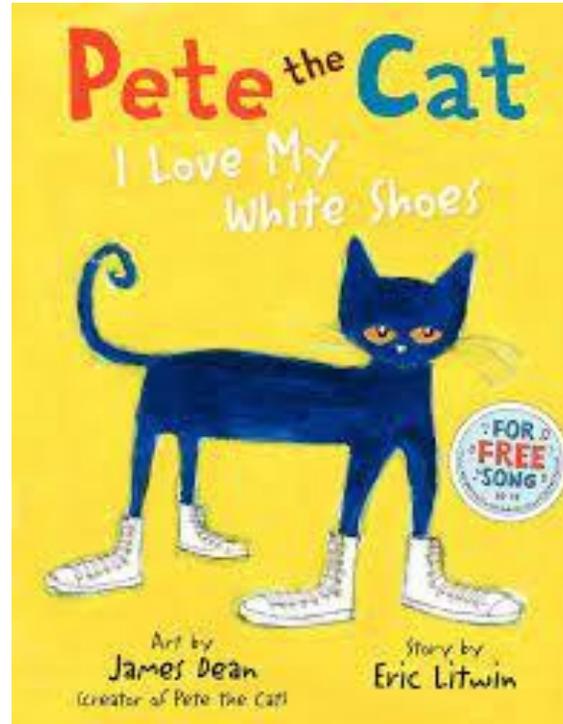
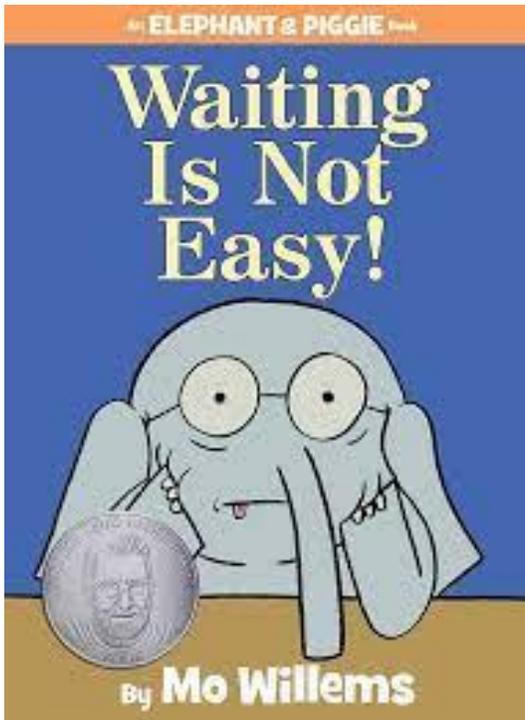
# ○ The Power of Language

- Language has the ability to shape thoughts and behavior
- “Words mirror how one thinks and feels” (Alpuim & Ehrenberg, 2023)
- “Different grammar can lead to different ways of framing events — and therefore to different consequences.” (Alpuim & Ehrenberg, 2023)
- Outward dialogue becomes inward dialogue
- *What’s focused on grows*



# ○ Classroom Language

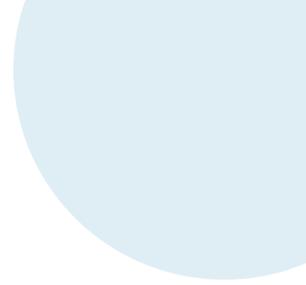
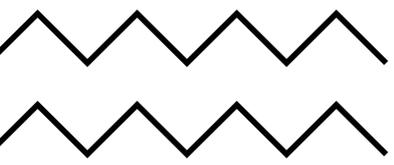
- Language in the classroom should be used to shape the culture and thinking patterns



# ○ Collaboration Practice

- At your table, discuss your approach to challenging/unsafe behavior, positive behavior and rituals; make sure to highlight your why.
- Agree upon a single, consistent approach to challenging/unsafe behavior, positive behavior, and one ritual to implement.
- Share your agreements with the whole group.





**Q U E S T I O N S**  
Were your questions answered?

